

Addressing barriers to exercise and physical activity



Unit: Know how to support clients who take part in exercise and physical activity

Barriers to exercise/physical activity



Individual task

What are the barriers to exercise and physical activity

- 2. Consider the following headings:
 - Physical barriers
 - Emotional barriers
 - Motivational barriers
 - Time barriers



Physical barriers



Physical barriers to exercise may include:

- Lack of fitness
- Medical complications
- Special conditions pregnancy
- Proximity to facilities
- No transport



Emotional barriers



Emotional barriers to exercise may include:

- Depression
- Lack of confidence
- Self-conscious or embarrassed
- Low self esteem
- Fear

Motivational barriers



Motivational barriers to exercise may be as a result of:

- Boredom with current exercise programme
- Negative past experiences
- Excess stress in life
- Dislike exercise



Time barriers



A lack of time to schedule exercise into the day may require careful planning to overcome:

Commitments may include:

- Family
- Work
- Friends
- Social



Strategies to maintain motivation and adherence



- Rewards and incentives
- Integrate activity to daily routine
- Change training regularly
- Train with a group
- Utilising a training log
- Completing a decision balance sheet
- Using social support networks
- Use activity preferences, e.g. what the client likes?





The value of client solutions

- People often know the best solutions that would work for them
- Collaborate
- Ask them for their ideas
- Listen
- Discuss a range of options



Rewards and incentives

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What are some
possible rewards and
incentives that could
be used to motivate
clients.





Rewards and incentives

- Praise and encouragement
- Goal reviews
- Noticing achievements
- Free gifts, e.g. water bottle
- Member of the month (attendance)
- Book 10 sessions get one free
- Introduce a friend for reward



Activity preferences



Things to consider

- What are your favourite activities?
- What do you really enjoy?

Remember that the inclusion of client preferences can strengthen motivation and adherence



Integrating activity into daily activity



 Reflect on different ways activity can be integrated into an individual's daily routine

 How can people 'move more often and sit down less'?

